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CBSE 12th Economics 2015 Unsolved Paper Outside Delhi

TIME - 3HR. | QUESTIONS - 32

THE MARKS ARE MENTIONED ON EACH QUESTION

SECTION-A

Q.1. Define indifference curve. *1 marks*

Q.2. If due to fall in the price of good X, demand for good Y rises, the two goods are:

(Choose the correct alternative) *1 marks*

- (a) substitutes
- (b) Complements
- (c) Not related
- (d) Competitive

Q.3. If Marginal Rate of Substitution is increasing throughout, the Indifference Curve will be: **(Choose the Correct alternative)** *1 marks*

- (a) Downward sloping convex
- (b) Downward sloping concave
- (c) Downward sloping straight
- (d) Up ward sloping convex

Q. 4. Giving reason comment on the shape of Production Possibilities Curve based on the Following schedule: *3 marks*

Good X (Units)	Good Y (units)
0	30
1	27
2	21
3	12
4	0

Q.5. What is likely to be the impact of "Make in India" appeal to the foreign investors by the Prime Minister of India, on the production possibilities frontier of India?

Explain. *3 marks*

OR

Q.7. In a perfectly competitive market the buyers treat products of all the firms as homogeneous. Explain the significance of this feature. *3 marks*

Q. 8. What are the effects of 'price-floor' (minimum price ceiling) on the market of a good?

Use diagram. *3 marks*

Q. 9. A consumer spends Rs1,000 on a good priced at Rs10 per unit. When its price Falls by 20 percent, the consumer spends Rs800 on the good. Calculate the price elasticity of demand by the Percentage method. 4 marks

Q. 10. What is the behavior of (a) Average Fixed Cost and (b) Average Variable Cost as more and more units of a good are produced? 4 marks

OR

Define Average Revenue. Show that Average Revenue and Price are same.

Q. 11. A consumer consumes only two good X and Y, both priced at Rs2 per unit. If the consumer chooses a combination of the two goods with Marginal Rate of Substitution equal to 2, is the consumer in equilibrium? Why or why not? What will a rational consumer do in this situation? Explain. 6 marks

OR

A consumer consumes only two good X and Y whose prices are Rs5 and Rs4 respectively. If the consumer chooses a combination of the two goods with marginal utility of X equal to 4 and that of Y equal to 5, is the consumer in equilibrium? Why or why not? What will a rational consumer do in this situation? Use utility analysis.

Q.12. What are the different phases in the Law of Variable Proportions in terms of marginal product? Give reason behind each phase. Use diagram. 6 marks

Q. 13. Explain why will a producer not be in equilibrium if the conditions of equilibrium are not met. 6 marks

Q.14. Market for a good is in equilibrium. The supply of good "decreases". Explain the chain of effects of this change. 6 marks

SECTION-B

Q.15. What is 'aggregate demand' in macroeconomics? 1 marks

Q.16. If $MPC = 1$, the value of multiplier is: (Choose the correct alternative) 1 marks

- (a) 0
- (b) 1
- (c) Between 0 and 1
- (d) Infinity

Q.17. Primary deficit in a government budget is: (Choose the correct alternative) 1 marks

- (a) Revenue expenditure - Revenue receipts
- (b) Total expenditure – Total receipts
- (c) Revenue deficit- Interest payments
- (d) Fiscal deficit - Interest payments

Q.18. Direct tax is called direct because it is collected directly from: (Choose the correct alternative) 1 marks

- (a) The producers on goods produced
- (b) The sellers on goods sold

- (c) The buyers of goods
- (d) The income earners

Q. 19. Other things remaining the same, when in a country the market price of foreign currency falls, national income is likely: (Choose the correct alternative) 1 marks

- (a) to rise
- (b) to fall
- (c) to rise or to fall
- (d) to remain unaffected

Q. 20. If the Real GDP is Rs400 and Nominal GDP is Rs450, calculate the Price Index (base=100) 3 marks

Q. 21. What are fixed and flexible exchange rates? 3 marks

OR

Explain the meaning of Managed Floating Exchange Rate.

Q. 22. Where is 'borrowings from abroad' recorded in the Balance of Payments Accounts? Give reasons. 3 marks

Q. 23. Explain the "Bankers' Bank function" of the central bank. 4 marks

OR

Explain the "Bank of issue function" of the central bank.

Q. 24. Currency is issued by the central bank, yet we say that commercial banks create money. Explain. How is this money creation by commercial banks likely to affect the national income? Explain. 4 marks

Q.25. An economy is in equilibrium. Calculate the Investment Expenditure from the following: 4 marks

National Income = 800

Marginal Propensity to Save = 0.3

Autonomous Consumption = 100

Q.26. Giving reason explain how the following should be treated in estimation of national Income: 6 marks

(i) Payment of interest by a firm to bank

(ii) Payment of interest by a bank to an individual

(iii) Payment of interest by an individual to a bank

Q.27. What is 'deficient demand'? Explain the role of 'Bank Rate' in removing it. 6 marks

OR

What is 'excess demand'? Explain the role of 'Reverse Repo Rate' in removing it.

Q.28. Explain how the government can use the budgetary policy in reducing inequalities in incomes. 6 marks

Q. 29. Calculate the 'National Income' and 'Private Income': 6 marks

(Rs crores)

(i) Rent	200
(ii) Net factor income to abroad	10
(iii) National debt interest	15
(iv) Wages and salaries	700
(v) Current transfers from government	10
(vi) Undistributed profits	20
(vii) Corporation tax	30
(viii) Interest	150
(ix) Social security contributions by employers	100
(x) Net domestic product accruing to government	250
(xi) Net current transfers to rest of the world	5
(xii) Dividends	50



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