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CBSE 12th Biology 2013 Unsolved Paper Outside Delhi

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Note

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TIME - 3HR. | QUESTIONS - 30

THE MARKS ARE MENTIONED ON EACH QUESTION

SECTION-A

- Q. 1. Name an organism where cell division in itself is a mode of reproduction. 1 marks
- Q. 2. When does a human body elicit an anamnestic response? 1 marks
- Q.3. Name any two diseases the 'Himgiri' variety of wheat is resistant to. 1 marks
- Q. 4. State the role of transposons in silencing of mRNA in eukaryotic cells. 1 marks
- Q. 5. Why are green algae not likely to be found in the deepest strata of the ocean? I marks
- Q. 6. State what does 'standing crop' of a trophic level represent. 1 marks
- Q. 7. Why is the use of unleaded petrol recommended for motor vehicles equipped with catalytic converters? *I marks*
- Q. 8. Name the type of biodiversity represented by the following: 1 marks
 - (i) 1000 varieties of mangoes in India.
 - (ii) Variations in terms of potency and concentration of reserpine in Rauwolfia vomitoria glowing in different regions of Himalayas.

SECTION-B

- Q. 9. In angiosperms, zygote is diploid while primary endosperm cell is triploid. Explain. 2 marks
- Q. 10. Across between a red flower bearing plant and a white flower bearing plant of Antirrhinum produced all plants having pink flowers. Work out a cross to explain how this is possible. 2 marks
- Q. 11. List the two main propositions of Oparin and Haldane. 2 marks

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Q.12. write the events that take place when a vaccine for any disease is introduced into the human body. 2 marks

OR

- Why is a person with cuts and bruise following an accident administered tetanus antitoxin? Give reasons.
- Q. 13. Name the bacterium responsible for the large holes seen in "Swiss Cheese". What are these holes due to? 2 marks
- Q. 14. Name the source of the DNA polymerase used in PCR technique. Mention why it is used. 2 marks
- Q. 15. Write any four ways used to introduce a desired DNA segment into a bacterial cell in recombinant technology experiments. 2 marks
- Q. 16. Why is proinsulin so called? How is insulin different from it? 2 marks
- Q. 17. Giving two reasons explain why there is more species biodiversity in tropical Latitudes than in temperate ones. 2 marks
- Q. 18. "It is possible that a species may occupy more than one trophic level in the same ecosystem at the same time." Explain with the help of one example. 2 marks

SECTION-C

- Q.19. Suggest and explain any three Assisted Reproductive Technologies (ART) to an infertile couple. 3 marks
- Q. 20. Why are human females rarely haemophilic? Explain. How do haemophilic patients suffer? 3 marks
- Q. 21. In a maternity clinic, for some reasons the authorities are not able to hand Over the two new-borns to their respective real parents. Name and describe the technique that you would suggest to sort out the matter. 3 marks
- Q. 22. Explain the increase in the numbers of melanic (dark winged) moths in the urban areas of post-industrialisation period in England. 3 marks
- Q. 23. Describe how biogas is generated from activated sludge. List the components Of biogas. 3 marks

- Q. 24. Name the pest that destroys the cotton bolls. Explain the role of Bacillus thuringiensis in protecting the cotton crop against the pest to increase the yield. 3 marks
- Q. 25. (a) Write the importance of measuring the size of a population in a habitat or an ecosystem.
 - (b) Explain with the help of an example how the percentage cover is a more meaningful measure of population size than mere numbers. 3 marks
- Q. 26. Differentiate between two different types of pyramids of biomass with the help of one example of each. 3 marks
- Q.27. (a) Describe the endosperm development in coconut. 3 marks
 - (b) Why is tender coconut considered a healthy source of nutrition?
 - (c) How are pea seeds different from castor seeds with respect to endosperm?

SECTION-D

- Q. 28. (a) Draw a L.S. of a pistil showing pollen tube entering the embryo-sac in an angiosperm and label any six parts other than stigma, style and ovary.
 - (b) Write the changes a fertilized ovule undergoes within the ovary in an angiosperm plant. 5 marks

OR

- (a) Draw a diagrammatic sectional view of a human seminiferous tubule, and label Sertoli cells, primary spermatocyte, sperm-atogonium and spermatozoa in it.
- (b) Explain the hormonal regulation of the process of spermatogenesis in humans.
- Q. 29. (a) Write the conclusion drawn by Griffith at the end of his experiment with Streptococcus pneumoniae.
 - (b) How did Ovary, C. Macleod and M. McCarty prove that DNA was the genetic material? Explain. 5 marks

OR

Study the flow chart given below. Name the hormones involved at each stage and explain their function.



- Q. 30. A person in your colony has recently been diagnosed with AIDS. People/ residents in the colony want him to leave the colony for the fear of spread of AIDS. 5 marks
 - (a) write your view on the situation, giving reasons.
 - (b) List the possible preventive measures that you would suggest to the residents of your locality in a meeting organized by you so that they understand the situation.
 - (c) Write the symptoms and the causative agent of AIDS.

